



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

CENTRE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--	--

CANDIDATE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--



FURTHER MATHEMATICS

9231/32

Paper 3 Further Mechanics

May/June 2024

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity (g) is needed, use 10 ms^{-2} .

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages.

[illegible]

- 2 The points A and B are at the same horizontal level a distance $4a$ apart. The ends of a light elastic string, of natural length $4a$ and modulus of elasticity λ , are attached to A and B . A particle P of mass m is attached to the midpoint of the string. The system is in equilibrium with P at a distance $\frac{3}{2}a$ below M , the midpoint of AB .

(a) Find λ in terms of m and g .

[3]

[illegible]

The particle P is pulled down vertically and released from rest at a distance $\frac{8}{3}a$ below M .

- (b)** Find, in terms of a and g , the speed of P as it passes through M in the subsequent motion. [4]

This image shows a full page of primary-ruled paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly down the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. The background is white, and there are no margins or other markings present.

- 3** At time $t = 0$ seconds, a particle P is projected with speed $u \text{ m s}^{-1}$ at an angle 60° above the horizontal from a point O . In the subsequent motion P moves freely under gravity. The direction of motion of P when $t = 5$ is perpendicular to its direction of motion when $t = 15$.

Find the value of u .

[5]

[illegible]

[illegible]

(b) Find the value of μ .

[3]

This image shows a full page of primary-ruled paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal dashed lines spaced evenly down the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. The paper is otherwise blank, with no margins, text, or other markings.

(b) Find the value of k .

[3]

[illegible]

(b) Find an expression for x in terms of t .

[4]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines, typical of primary school writing paper. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- 7 A smooth sphere with centre O and of radius a is fixed to a horizontal plane. A particle P of mass m is projected horizontally from the highest point of the sphere with speed u , so that it begins to move along the surface of the sphere. The particle P loses contact with the sphere at the point Q on the sphere, where OQ makes an angle θ with the upward vertical through O .

(a) Show that $\cos \theta = \frac{u^2 + 2ag}{3ag}$. [4]

[illegible]

It is given that $\cos \theta = \frac{5}{6}$.

- (b) Find, in terms of a and g , an expression for the vertical component of the velocity of P just before it hits the horizontal plane to which the sphere is fixed. [3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

- (c) Find an expression for the time taken by P to fall from Q to the plane. Give your answer in the form $k\sqrt{\frac{a}{g}}$, stating the value of k correct to 3 significant figures. [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Additional page

If you use the following page to complete the answer to any question, the question number must be clearly shown.

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page, providing a template for handwriting practice or general writing. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.